

TOP SECRET

25X1

25X1

9 November 1963

Copy No. C 138 25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



25X1

DEPT OF STATE review(s) completed.

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

9 November 1963

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

C O N T E N T S

1. USSR-Berlin: Soviet leaders trying to document claims of agreements on autobahn procedures. (Page 1)
2. Communist China: Peiping to admit non-Communist technicians and permit Chinese trainees to study in non-Communist nations. (Page 2)



25X1

7. Common Market: Year-end crisis looms. (Page 7)
8. Notes: USSR; [redacted]
Italy. (Page 8)

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

9 November 1963

DAILY BRIEF

USSR-Berlin: Soviet leaders continue their efforts to document their claim that US military convoys have violated an alleged US-Soviet agreement on "established practices" respecting autobahn traffic.

(On 7 November, in a conversation with Ambassador Kohler, Soviet Foreign Minister Gromyko referred to "an agreement concluded between the Allied military powers in 1945, specifying that military authorities should establish access procedure to be followed." He also referred to a specific communication sent in 1958 by General Zakharov to the US commanding general in West Germany. Gromyko maintained that "these were the basis of established practices respecting autobahn traffic.")

(Gromyko implied to Kohler that the Soviet Government was preparing a formal communication on the whole question of access. Such a statement might include a call for four-power talks on the immediate issues related to Allied access to West Berlin.)

25X1

Communist China: (The Chinese Communists for the first time have agreed to admit a substantial number of non-Communist technicians to China and permit Chinese trainees to study in non-Communist countries.)

(Several hundred" Japanese technicians are to install a vinylon plant in Changchun, Manchuria, starting in late 1964. British and Dutch technicians are to assist with construction of a large chemical fertilizer complex at Luchou, Szechwan.)

(The Chinese are planning to send 60 to 80 trainees to the Kurashiki Rayon Company, suppliers of the vinylon plant, in mid-1964. Others are to be sent to the Netherlands for training.)

(The Chinese have long been fearful that foreigners are potential spies and that trainees sent abroad might defect.)

(The present willingness to subordinate security considerations is indicative of the importance to China of recent contracts for industrial plants, the first to be signed in non-Communist countries after nearly three years of window shopping.)

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

Common Market: (The Common Market appears headed into a year-end crisis over the agricultural integration problem and the Kennedy Round of tariff negotiations.)

(Despite recent statements from De Gaulle that he has set no deadline for EEC agreement on the farm question, the French have proposed that the EEC Council sit in virtually continuous session during December. [redacted] the objective would be to reach an agreement both on an agricultural package deal and on practically every aspect of the upcoming tariff negotiations.)

25X1

(Prospects for such an agreement are poor. West German acceptance of the 5 November proposal of EEC Commissioner Mansholt for achieving grain-price harmonization--the key agricultural question--seems improbable. Moreover, it is likely that differences over the Mansholt plan will probably delay the agreement on regulations governing rice, dairy products, and beef beyond the present 31 December deadline. Until these questions are settled Paris is unlikely to give the go-ahead which would permit the EEC to participate effectively in the Kennedy Round.)

(Paris, although apparently aware of the difficulty of resolving the farm issue in the next two months, may be hoping to repeat its success of January 1962 when prolonged negotiations under pressure of a deadline resulted in the initial EEC agreement on a common agricultural policy. This approach created an atmosphere of crisis and tension, however, and the resulting agreement was on some points vague enough to be open to subsequent differences of interpretation.)

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

NOTES

*USSR: Soviet party secretary Suslov was absent from the anniversary celebration in Moscow on 6 and 7 November and his photograph in a sizable number of propaganda displays was relegated to a much lower position than in previous years. A sharp shift downwards in this type of protocol treatment usually reflects political difficulties. If Suslov is in decline, some clarification of his status and possibly its political implications might be expected at the next session of the party central committee, which will probably convene within a month.

25X1

25X1

9 Nov 63

DAILY BRIEF

8

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

Italy: Italian Socialist leaders told the US Embassy on 6 November that an "authoritative Christian Democrat (CD) official" had informed them that the US is "pressuring" for a definite commitment on the MLF during current cabinet negotiations. These leaders added that, although not opposed to the MLF in principle, they could not enter the government if the CD insisted on such a commitment at this time. The Socialists reiterated that while they could not vote during the next several months for a treaty creating the MLF, they would be willing to go along with Italian participation in the current MLF studies in Paris and Washington.

25X1

25X1

9 Nov 63

DAILY BRIEF

9

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007300360001-1

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

TOP SECRET

TOP SECRET